

SCHOOL BOARD CANDIDATE FINANCIAL CAMPAIGN REPORT

The financial campaign law for school board candidates is in the Utah Code reference 20A-11-1301 through 20A-11-1305. The law is also printed on page four of this report.

TO KANE County Clerk
Full Name of Candidate LEX G. CHAMBERLAIN
Street Address 1508 S. KANAB CREEK DR.
City KANAB, Utah 84741
Phone: Home 435-644-2987 Business 435-644-8525
Office _____
Representative District 3
in the KANE School District

TOTALS FROM LAST REPORT + TOTALS FROM THIS REPORT = CUMULATIVE REPORT

1. Total contributions of donors who gave more than \$50.00 (from form "A" on page 2) \$ 0 \$ _____ \$ _____

2. Aggregate total of contributions of \$50.00 or less \$ _____ \$ _____ \$ _____

3. Total campaign expenses (from form "B" on page 3) \$ _____ \$ _____ \$ _____

4. Balance at the end of this reporting period \$ _____ \$ _____ \$ _____

I do hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge, all receipts and expenditures have been reported for the period beginning _____ and ending _____ and that there are no bills or obligations outstanding and unpaid except as set forth in this report.

Date 10/31/12 Signed Lex G. Chamberlain

20A-11-1301. School board office candidate – Campaign finance requirements – Candidate as a political action committee officer.

(1) (a) (i) Each school board office candidate shall deposit each contribution and public service assistance received in one or more separate accounts in a financial institution that are dedicated only to that purpose.
(ii) A school board office candidate may:
(A) receive a contribution or public service assistance from a political action committee registered under Section 20A-11-601; and
(B) be designated by a political action committee as an officer who has primary decision-making authority as described in Section 20A-11-601.
(b) A school board office candidate may not use money deposited in an account described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) for:

(i) a personal use expenditure; or
(ii) an expenditure prohibited by law.
(2) A school board office candidate may not deposit or mingle any contributions or public service assistance received into a personal or business account.
(3) A school board office candidate may not make any political expenditures prohibited by law.
(4) If a person who is no longer a school board candidate chooses not to expend the money remaining in a campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end summary report required by Section 20A-11-1302 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report required by Section 20A-11-1304 are filed with:
(a) the lieutenant governor in the case of a state school board candidate; and
(b) the county clerk, in the case of a local school board candidate.
(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b) and Section 20A-11-402, a person who is no longer a school board candidate may not expend or transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former school board candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law.
(b) A person who is no longer a school board candidate may transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former school board candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law if the transfer is made to a campaign account for federal office.

(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6) and Section 20A-11-1303, "received" means:
(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a school board office candidate or a member of the candidate's personal campaign committee;
(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable instrument or check is negotiated; and
(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit inures to the school board office candidate.

(b) Each school board office candidate shall report to the chief election officer each contribution and public service assistance within 30 days after the contribution or public service assistance is received.

20A-11-1302. School board office candidate – Financial reporting requirements – Year-end summary report.

(1) (a) Each school board office candidate shall file a summary report by January 10 of the year after the regular general election year.
(b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), a former school board office candidate that has not filed the statement of dissolution and final summary report required under Section 20A-11-1304 shall continue to file a summary report on January 10 of each year.
(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31 of the previous year:
(i) the net balance of the last financial statement, if any;
(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all interim reports, if any, during the previous year;
(iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all interim reports, if any, filed during the previous year;
(iv) a detailed listing of each receipt, contribution, and public service assistance since the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;
(v) for each nonmonetary contribution:
(A) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the contributor; and
(B) a specific description of the contribution;
(vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;
(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
(viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary report, if any, plus all receipts minus all expenditures; and
(ix) the name of a political action committee for which the school board office candidate is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under

Section 20A-11-601.

(b) (i) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
(c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of December 31 of the previous year.
(d) A check or negotiable instrument received by a school board office candidate on or before December 31 of the previous year shall be included in the summary report.
(3) The school board office candidate shall certify in the summary report that, to the best of the school board office candidate's knowledge, all receipts and all expenditures have been reported as of December 31 of the previous year and that there are no bills or obligations outstanding and unpaid except as set forth in that report.

20A-11-1303. School board office candidate – Financial reporting requirements – Interim reports.

(1) Each school board office candidate shall file an interim report at the following times in any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
(a) May 15, for state school board office candidates;
(b) seven days before the regular primary election date;
(c) August 31; and
(d) seven days before the regular general election date.
(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:
(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the contributor; and
(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the last summary report;
(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
(i) beginning balance;
(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
(iii) total contributions to date;
(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
(v) total expenditures to date; and
(j) the name of a political action committee for which the school board office candidate is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section 20A-11-601.

(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
(4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
(b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a school board office candidate more than five days before the required filing date of a report required by this section shall be included in the interim report.

20A-11-1304. School board office candidate – Financial reporting requirements – Termination of duty to report.

(1) Each school board candidate is subject to interim reporting requirements until the candidate withdraws or is eliminated in a primary.
(2) Each school board office candidate is subject to year-end summary reporting requirements until the candidate has filed a statement of dissolution with the lieutenant governor stating that:
(a) the school board office candidate is no longer receiving contributions and is no longer making expenditures;
(b) the ending balance on the last summary report filed is zero and the balance in the separate bank account required in Section 20A-11-1301 is zero; and

(c) a final summary report in the form required by Section 20A-11-1302 showing a zero balance is attached to the statement of dissolution.

(3) A statement of dissolution and a final summary report may be filed at any time.

(4) Each school board office candidate shall continue to file the year-end summary report required by Section 20A-11-1302 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report required by this section are filed.

20A-11-1305. School board office candidate – Failure to file statement – Penalties.

(1) (a) If a school board office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the regular primary election, on August 31, or before the regular general election, the chief election officer shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely filed:

(i) inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:
(A) (I) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate from the ballots before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
(II) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes cast for candidate will not be counted; and
(B) may not count any votes for that candidate; and
(ii) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005.

(b) Any school board office candidate who fails to file timely a financial statement required by Subsection 20A-11-1303(1)(b), (c), or (d) is disqualified and the vacancy on the ballot may be filled as provided in Section 20A-1-501.

(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a school board office candidate is not disqualified and the chief election officer may not impose a fine if:

(i) the candidate timely files the reports required by this section in accordance with Section 20A-11-103;
(ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; and
(iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii) are corrected in:
(A) an amended report; or
(B) the next scheduled report.

(2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report by a candidate for state school board, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:

(i) each state school board candidate that is required file a summary report has filed one; and
(ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
(b) If it appears that any state school board candidate has failed to file the summary report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the state school board candidate of the violation or written complaint and direct the state school board candidate to file a summary report correcting the problem.

(c) (i) It is unlawful for any state school board candidate to fail to file or amend a summary report within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.

(ii) Each state school board candidate who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

(iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the attorney general.

(3) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the county clerk shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:

(i) each local school board candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
(ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.

(b) If it appears that any local school board candidate has failed to file the summary report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the county clerk has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any summary report, the county clerk shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the local school board candidate of the violation or written complaint and direct the local school board candidate to file a summary report correcting the problem.

(c) (i) It is unlawful for any local school board candidate to fail to file or amend a summary report within 14 days after receiving notice from the county clerk under this section.

(ii) Each local school board candidate who violates Subsection (3)(c)(i) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

(iii) The county clerk shall report all violations of Subsection (3)(c)(i) to the district or county attorney.